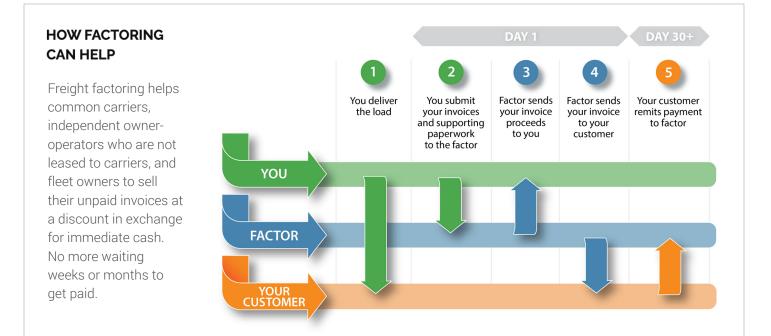
Freight Factoring 101: Solving Cash Flow Issues

by Andrea Rogers, August 6, 2021

Managing cash flow isn't easy when you own and operate a trucking company.

It may seem the more prosperous you become, the more you find yourself juggling expenses such as fuel, insurance, equipment, maintenance, payroll, and taxes. You run daily operations while waiting 30, 60 or more days for payment after you have delivered a load. Currently, the trucking industry has been further put to the test with unprecedented economic turmoil, higher insurance costs, supply chain constraints and a pandemic. The tipping point comes when you turn down better loads or let maintenance slide to manage cash flow. Ideally your customers would pay promptly and you wouldn't need a factoring company but that's not the current situation. If you do not have sufficient funding to keep your business operating, you ultimately will lose customers and opportunities to grow. There has never been a better time to take advantage of factoring as a critical resource and source of immediate relief for peace of mind.



In addition to providing working capital, factoring helps you take control of time-consuming aspects of running your company, such as driver retention, credit-checking, collections, improved record-keeping and back-office support.



DRIVER RETENTION

Imagine being able to take the loads you want and pay your drivers the same or next day following delivery. Freight factoring helps retain the best drivers.



CREDIT-CHECKING NEW CUSTOMERS

Run free credit checks on prospects 24/7 using a factoring company's extensive credit database.



COLLECTION FOLLOW-UP

Many business owners struggle finding the time to collect from customers. A factoring company will handle collections for factored invoices on your behalf.

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IMPROVED RECORD-KEEPING

Most factors offer clients 24/7 access to important documents through a factoring portal, a free online management tool.



BACK-OFFICE SUPPORT

Working with a factoring company that understands your transportation segment such as OTR, expedited, intermodal, etc. will add value. They will review your invoices to ensure supporting documentation is correct. The factor will send the invoice to your customer on your behalf.

How to Find the Right Factor for Your Trucking Company

Taking the time to do your homework up front and asking a lot of questions before entering into an agreement will pay big dividends. Referrals are always best since the level of service from factor to factor can vary greatly.

Start by talking to trusted friends and colleagues who have been through up and down economic cycles. They can be an invaluable resource and can make firsthand recommendations for critical services including factoring. See if they can direct you to factoring companies who work in your segment such as intermodal, expedited or dump trucks and can approve your customers whether they are brokers, shippers, steamship lines, freight forwarders or construction companies.

Factoring companies typically determine their fees and advance rates based on a number of criteria, including your sales volume, number of customers and your customers' creditworthiness. Check with industry associations you belong to as they might have a factoring partner and offer members prenegotiated rates and savings.

TAKING THE MYSTERY OUT OF INVOICE SUBMISSIONS

The average freight bill currently takes 34 days to get paid. That's a best-case scenario if everything is submitted correctly. Each customer has its own billing submission rules. The who, how and what involved with submitting vary greatly and can be tricky to manage.

Carriers can use their own system to track individual customers' requirements, or they can rely on a factoring company for this expertise. Key considerations include:

- Where to submit invoices: online, email, EDI or other method?
- What backup documentation to include?
- Who to contact regarding billing questions?

Streamlining these steps will help customers process your payments quicker and give you more available cash to run your business.



Andrea Rogers, Vice President at Orange Commercial Credit, has helped over 500 companies grow by achieving steady cash flow and financial stability through factoring. OCC has 40-plus years' experience funding transportation companies. More than 35% of OCC's new business is client referrals. She can be reached at **866-434-0567 or arogers@occfactor.com**.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Q: Does it matter if I am a start-up?

A: No, factors work with start-ups. There is no requirement for months or years in operation.

Q: If the bank said "no," does that mean factors will as well?

A: Factors like to say "yes" and do their best to help the prospect.

Q: How long does the approval process take?

A: Typically under a week from start to funding.

Q: Can I know fees and rates up front?

A: Most factors will provide a written proposal outlining all rates and fees before you have to sign on the dotted line.

Q: How do I get paid for my invoices?

A: On average, funds are deposited in your business bank account within

24 business hours of receiving your invoices and backup documentation.

Q: Once approved, how do I get my money from the factor?

A: For the loads you would like to factor, you submit your invoice, bill of lading, load confirmation and any other corresponding backup to the factor.

Q: Is the contract long-term?

A: Contracts can be as short as 90 days and up to a year or longer. Be sure to look at the renewal term as well.

Q: Do I have to give all my invoices to the factor?

A: This varies by factoring company.

Q: Is there a certain amount I need to factor every month?

A: This also varies by factoring company.

Q: What do I need to submit to find out if I'm approved?

A: Complete a short online application and send proof of insurance; copy of your driver's license; Articles of Incorporation or Fictitious Business Name Statement (DBA filing); a copy of your W-9; and possible one or two other documents depending on the size of your business.

Q: How am I evaluated in the approval process?

A: Your business needs to be set up as a legal business entity (Corporation, LLC, sole proprietor) with proper authority (DOT or MC) and insurance and your customer's need to be creditworthy.